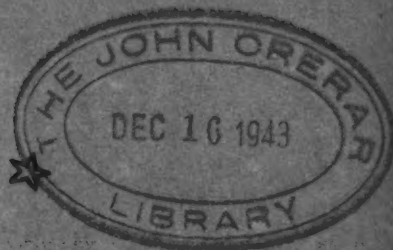


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Merry Christmas!



The Fortnightly
REVIEW

OF THE CHICAGO DENTAL SOCIETY

December 15, 1943

Volume 6 • Number 12

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The Fortnightly
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School of Botticelli "Madonna and Child"
Courtesy of The Art Institute of Chicago.

Season's Greetings

The Fortnightly **REVIEW**

of
THE CHICAGO DENTAL SOCIETY

December 15, 1943

Volume 6 • Number 12

Table Clinics Drawing Card at December Monthly Meeting

**Demonstrations by Manufacturers' Representatives
Augment Program**

A series of table clinics by local society members will be the main attraction at the next meeting of the Chicago Dental Society. Supplementing these clinics will be a number of manufacturers' clinics presenting new advances in dental materials. This meeting will be held in the Grand Ball Room of the Palmer House, Tuesday evening, December 21. The Ball Room will be open at 8:00 p.m. and all the clinics will be set up and ready to go at that time. The Room provides abundant space and the tables will be elevated so that all who attend will be able to get their money's worth. These clinics are in no wise a preview of the Midwinter Meeting, according to Dr. B. D. Friedman, Chairman of the Monthly Meeting Program Committee, and he, for one, believes that the program will be unique as well as timely.

CLINICIANS

Oral surgeons, orthodontists, pedodontists, periodontists, and just plain general practitioners will parade their wares at this meeting. The clinicians' names and their subjects follow: John M. Besser, *Closed Mouth Modeling Compound Impressions*; Lester W. Boyd, *Full Upper and Lower Dentures and Partial Denture Occlusion*; Edwin N. Cooper, *Direct Acrylic Restorations*; Fred R.

Felcher, *Some Newer Things in Dental Porcelains*; Elsie Gerlach, *Dentistry for Children*; Larry E. Hill, *Radiographic Interpretation and Classification of Mandibular Third Molar Impactions*; Leland Johnson, *Time for Orthodontic Treatment*; Balint Orban, *Gingivectomy and Postoperative Care*; Glen B. Ross, *X-Rays (General Practice): Practical Aids for Exposure and Diagnosis*; L. W. Schultz, *Traumatic Temperomandibular Arthritis*; Leo S. Seidner, *Principal Factors in Gold Inlay Restorations*; Robert N. Tanis, *Why Treat Root Canals?*; George W. Teuscher, *Space Maintainers*; Earle H. Thomas, *Oral Surgery: Radiographic Interpretation*; John R. Thompson, *Cephalometric Diagnosis: 1. Normal and Abnormal Mandibular Positions. 2. Limitations in Opening of the Bite.*

MANUFACTURERS' CLINICS

Ten manufacturers of dental products will send representatives to participate in the program. Their demonstrations will cover a variety of items: *New Technique for Vitacrilic Dentures, Jackets and Inlays*, Fricke Dental Manufacturing Co.; *Suggestions for Better Radiographs*, Rinn X-Ray Products; *Why Casting Golds Should Be Heat-Treated*, Thomas

(Continued on page 26)

Midwinter Meeting Program Practically Complete

Question and Answer Periods Allotted More Time

The ever popular Question and Answer periods will assume an even larger role at the 1944 Midwinter Meeting. These periods were first tried out during the 1942 meeting and met with such enthusiastic response that they have now become an established feature. Questions are prepared by the leader and by the committee in most of the well defined fields of dentistry and an authority is invited to answer them before audiences of about one hundred dentists. The questions will appear in the printed program, together with the name of the leader. After the printed questions have been answered the leader submits (submits is a good word) to questioning from the audience. This procedure is controlled by a moderator who doubles as chairman of the discussion. Such a program provides an attractive addition to the scientific program, and absorbs the crowd that a restricted general clinic activity frees.

The Question and Answer program has been arranged tentatively as follows: **Operative Dentistry:** *Control of Pain in Operative Procedures*, LeRoy Hartman of New York; *Silicate Restoration*, Leon Saks of Cincinnati; *Amalgam Restorations*, W. A. Link; *Gold Inlays*, Leo S. Seidner; *Conservation of the Pulp in Operative Procedures*, J. R. Blayney; *Fluorides in the Prevention of Caries*, Robert G. Kesel; *Root Canal Therapy*, John H. Hospers. **Periodontia:** *Vincent's Infection*, Major Joseph L. Bernier of Camp Polk, Louisiana; *Mechanical Phase of Treatment of Periodontia*, David N. McLean of San Marino, California; *The X-Ray as an Aid in Diagnosis of Periodontosis and Periodontitis*, Clarence O. Simpson of St. Louis; *Classification of Periodontal Diseases*, Charles H. M. Williams of Toronto; *Etiology of Periodontitis*, M. K. Hine; *Systematized Treatment of Periodontal*

Diseases, Edgar D. Coolidge. **Orthodontia in Children's Dentistry:** *Management of Injuries of the Anterior Teeth in Children*, Frederick B. Noyes; *Orthodontia for the General Practitioner*, A. G. Brodie; *When Should Orthodontic Treatment Be Started?* L. B. Higley of Iowa City, Iowa; *Management of Child Patients*, Walter T. McFall of Ashville; *Effects of Early Loss of Teeth—Deciduous and Permanent*, S. J. Kloehe of Appleton. **Crown and Bridge:** *Bridge Abutments*, Loren D. Sayre; *Acrylics—In Partial Dentures and Bridgework*, Charles S. Cuden of Pittsburgh; *Partial Dentures*, W. I. McNeil. **Oral Surgery:** *Pain*, Harry Sicher; *Diagnosis of Oral Inflammation and Lesions of the Mouth*, Maury Massler; *Intravenous Anesthesia*, Berto A. Olson of Hollywood, California; *Sulfonamides in Dentistry*, Stanley W. Clark; *Fractures*, Douglas Parker of New York; *Extraction and Impaction Accidents*, Earle H. Thomas. **Full Dentures:** *Esthetics in Full Denture Construction*, Walter D. Raber; *Balanced Occlusion*, E. G. Lang of New Ulm, Minnesota; *Problems in Full Denture Construction*, R. R. Gillis of Hammond; *Immediate Dentures*, James H. Pearce; *Indications for Surgery in Full Denture Construction*, John B. La Due; *Cancer*, John A. Wolfer.

GENERAL CLINICS

The General or Table Clinics will necessarily be limited in number due to the scarcity of material. Many of the dentists who could be depended upon in the past have been called into the armed services. This will be compensated for, in a measure, by the participation of dental officers from the near-by Army and Navy posts. Several out-of-town dentists have sent in their acceptances and there will be considerable local tal-

ent as well. Dr. Lloyd H. Dodd of Decatur, Chairman of the Committee on Dental Health Education and an accomplished clinician, will head the Practice Management Section. Dr. Elsie Gerlach, University of Illinois, will have some new things to offer in the field of children's dentistry. Dr. Charles S. Kresnoff of Chicago will represent the orthodontists. Periodontia and its step-child, periodontoclasia, will come in for consideration by Drs. S. H. Goodfriend and Robert N. Tanis of Chicago. Partial denture technic will be demonstrated by Drs. T. M. Bishop and A. H. Tamarin of Chicago. Operative dentistry, in its various ramifications, will be shown by such men as: Drs. Grant V. Newby of Plattsville, Wisconsin, Henry Wilber of Omaha, Ralph Rosen of St. Louis, Robert A. Dean of Minneapolis, and A. W. Maier of Chicago. The Oral Surgery Section will present a few new faces as well as some of the old timers. Drs. B. H. Johnson, Nashville; Samuel Granof, Milwaukee; John M. Marre, St. Louis; Edward Reiter, Cleveland; F. H. Wittenbrook, Lima, Ohio, and Ralph N. Sappe of Chicago make up the personnel of this section. The Full Denture Section will help make this show outstanding by recruiting men from near by places. Drs. R. R. Blanchard of Springfield, John H. Yates of Indianapolis, R. W. Wade of Hammond, George L. Kennedy of Villa Grove and Frank G. Young, J. M. Hirsch and R. W. Covalt of Chicago make up an impressive list of clinicians.

SPECIAL DAYS

Supplementing Military Day, which celebrates Washington's Birthday, will be Horace Wells' Day. Monday, the first day of the meeting, will be so designated in honor of the discoverer of anesthesia. Dr. E. W. Clifford of Hartford, Connecticut, a member of the Horace Wells Centenary Committee of the American Dental Association, will be on hand to address the meeting at the evening session. The balance of the

evening program will be devoted to the reading of the paper by the winner of the Third Annual Prize Essay Competition, as previously announced. Many entries to the essay contest have been received and the judging committee is busy making its selection of first prize winner. The first place award offered is \$500.00. Honorable mention will be awarded all authors whose essays are given final consideration by the judges. Entries closed November 15. Each essay represents an original investigation and contains some new significant material of value to dentistry.

One of the features that the Program Committee will present at the February meeting is a round table discussion of the Wagner-Murray-Dingle Bill (S.B. No. 1161) which so vitally affects every dentist and physician. Four men who are particularly well informed on the provisions of this bill have been asked to participate in the discussion. Two of these men will discuss arguments in favor of the bill while the other two will review the arguments against it. Dr. Joseph D. Lohman of the University of Chicago has accepted an invitation of the committee to speak in favor of the bill and Dr. Harold Hillenbrand has agreed to talk in opposition to it. Dr. Edward J. Ryan will act as the presiding officer or moderator during the discussion.

MOTION PICTURES

A motion picture program is being arranged to occupy some of the morning hours during the meeting. On Tuesday morning a number of Naval films will be shown depicting action in the various theaters of war and dental technics of the Navy Dental Department. The Navy will show one taken at Guadalcanal that is a real classic. Other Naval films that will be shown are entitled *Oral Surgery*, *Jaw Fractures*, and *Navy Men of Medicine*. The films on scientific subjects will be procured from all over the country and some of them have never before been shown to a dental society audience.—James H. Keith.

The Surgical Treatment of Periodontoclasia*

By BERNARD D. FRIEDMAN, D.D.S., Chicago, Illinois

More teeth are at present being lost from the ravages of periodontoclasia than from any other dental disease.¹ This is a challenge to the whole profession, because the control and elimination of this troublesome condition is comparatively simple if the etiology and treatment are studied and understood.

Periodontoclasia is a complex disease and requires a great many different forms of treatment. It may be truthfully stated that there are as many forms of treatment as there are degrees of periodontoclasia.

Surgery is one of these forms of treatment. It may be considered the most important, because it is the last court of appeal. Surgery may be successful when all other treatments have failed.

There is no single specific treatment for periodontoclasia because there is no single specific cause. Hence each case must be treated according to the symptoms which it presents.

TYPES

In the earliest stage, known as gingivitis, the redness, swelling, and bleeding of the gingival gum tissue usually is due to some local irritation. When this irritant is discovered, it should be removed, and the normal circulation in the gingival tissue restored by proper gum massage and interproximal stimulation. This constitutes one type of treatment.

If the redness and bleeding continue after this thorough prophylaxis, bacterial infection may be the cause. The fusiform bacillus and the spirochetes may be present, and their presence calls for another type of treatment.

If the teeth are slightly loose in their sockets and the gingival crevice can be stretched till it gapes, trauma is probably responsible, and another type of treatment is indicated.

If there are interdental spaces, indicating early extraction and failure to replace the missing tooth or teeth, the adjacent teeth drift from their normal positions in the dental arch. They may be rotated, extruded or retruded in their sockets. These abnormally-positioned teeth are out of proper articulation with their antagonists in the opposite jaw, and this malposition produces trauma, the recurring trauma causes periodontal destruction, and this stage of periodontoclasia requires still another type of treatment.

POCKET FORMATION

When these various conditions are permitted to go untreated, or when the treatment itself is ill-chosen, pockets are formed along the roots of the teeth. These pockets are hollowed out of the alveolar bone and are filled with tissue. This tissue develops from the walls of the pocket, and consists of epithelial tissue from the lining of the gingival crevice, and connective tissue from the periosteum and receding periodontal membrane. If the amount of this tissue becomes extensive, it usually breaks down with pus and serous exudation.

The infection that ensues frequently causes tumefactions known as lateral or periodontal abscesses which open spontaneously or must be opened with a lance to institute drainage.

At this point many excellent practitioners either sentence the teeth to extraction or attempt to treat the condition by the methods which would have been effective in the earlier stages of the disease. Failure of such treatment at this stage is not proof of the wisdom of extraction, but proof of the lack of timeliness of the treatment.

At this stage, surgery is the only means of successfully eliminating the pocket and its contents, of establishing drainage from the deepest encroachment

*Presented at the Midwinter Meeting, Chicago Dental Society, February 13, 1940.

of the pyogenic organisms and of smoothing and preparing the remaining alveolar bone so that the new granulation tissue may grow and heal smoothly over the newly formed ridge.

REASONS

The reasons for this choice of treatment are:

1. "In any chronic wound when the tissue tone is depleted treatment should be limited within the regenerative resources of the wounded tissue."² In the surgical stage the tissues are so depleted that they can no longer regenerate, or respond to medication or local treatment. Local treatment or medication in this stage invariably aggravates the condition.

2. In an aseptic wound, which is a wound caused by aseptic surgery, all the new material resulting from proliferation of the fixed tissue cells from opposite walls is used in the process of repair.² Thus if the chronic diseased tissues in and around the pocket are permitted to remain until or when nature shall absorb them, they retard and frequently prevent the joining of the proliferating new material from the opposite walls.

3. Surgery enables the operator to do his work thoroughly without pain to the patient because surgery requires complete anesthesia.

4. Surgery permits accessibility. The technique to be described gives unhindered access to all underlying and overhanging areas.

5. Surgery permits visibility. In these advanced cases it is important to remove all the diseased tissue, and this can only be done if the operator can see into every nook and crevice of the pocket and its surrounding tissues.

6. Surgery permits free drainage and irrigation. It is a decided advantage to be able to freely irrigate the infected field with a normal salt or germicidal solution. It is also advantageous to irrigate the field postoperatively with a stimulating, healing solution such as hot

iodine water.

7. Surgery permits the thorough and painless removal of deep-seated calcareous deposits on the roots of the teeth without injury to the adjacent tissues.

CONTRA-INDICATIONS

Surgery should not be attempted on:

1. Patients under twenty or over sixty-five years of age.

2. Patients suffering with diabetes until a sugar-free report is supplied by the attending physician.

3. Patients who are under treatment for syphilis until a negative Wassermann is supplied.

4. Patients suffering with tuberculosis, hypoparathyroidism or the anemias.

5. Patients suffering with hemophilia until definite preoperative treatment has raised the coagulability of the patient's blood.

6. Patients whose occlusion is traumatic, until it is rendered innocuous.³

When the diagnosis indicates the advisability of surgical treatment the patient is premedicated for several days with Dicalcium Phosphate and Viosterol (three 15 gr. tablets or six 7½ gr. capsules) daily. On the appointed day the patient is given one Nembutal tablet with acetylsalicylic acid one hour before the administration of the anesthetic.

TECHNIQUE

The technique is the conservative flap operation, and is as follows:

When the area is anesthetized a vertical incision is made with right or left Eddy knives in the interproximal gum papilla; if the area is in the labial third of the dental arch, upper or lower, the incision is made between the cuspid and first bicuspid on both sides; if it is in the buccal third the incision is made between the first and second bicuspids. The length of the incision should extend to a depth equal to the deepest pocket. This is the first and last time that knives are used in this technique. The gum tissue is never cut except in this man-

ner, i.e., to enable the laying back of the flap.

With small right and left spoon curettes the interproximal gum teats are divided mesiodistally until the gingival border of the flap is free, then it is retracted with a periosteal elevator until the entire area is exposed to the depth of the deepest pocket. There are nine curettes in the set of instruments and these are now used where indicated to curette the soft tissues out of the pockets. Before the curettage is begun the pockets and their contents are flooded with phenosulphonic acid (John P. Buckley's solution, full strength). This acid is a great aid in differentiating between the diseased tissue to be removed and the healthy normal tissue which should not be disturbed. The unhealthy granulation tissues are turned a grayish black by this acid.

After all the soft tissue which the acid renders a grayish black is removed, the periodontal bone is smoothed wherever necessary with chisels, files and surgical burs. The area is irrigated with a hot chlorazene spray (1-50 dilution), the flap is protracted and sutured at the point of the original incision. Ultra-violet radiation is administered for from four to six minutes, and then the area is ready for the surgical dressing. This dressing is made of a wick of cotton the length of the area, saturated in a paste made of zinc oxide and eugenol. This stringlike dressing is placed around the teeth and under the gingival margin of the flap. Thus the protracted flap acts as a splint to hold the medicated dressing tightly against the teeth. Warm water applied to the dressing makes it set in a few minutes, and it thus seals the operated area and protects it from extraneous irritation.

POSTOPERATIVE CARE

The patient is dismissed with orders to return in forty-eight hours, to apply an ice pack immediately on arrival at home, to subsist on liquid diet, and to take a sedative upon retiring, if needed.

The area is irrigated every forty-eight hours with a hot saline solution and at the expiration of ten days the dressing is removed and the new granulations may be seen covering the formerly crenated bone. This tissue is gently massaged and stimulated with a soft rubber toothbrush until it is firm and mature and can be massaged with the regular bristle toothbrush. The patient is dismissed after being taught how to make the toilet of the mouth and dental tissues.

TOOTH CONSERVATION

In conclusion, it is seldom necessary to remove all the teeth in the mouth of a patient suffering from periodontoclasia alone. There are always four or five, or even less, in each jaw, which, with proper treatment, may be made to support some dental restoration, preferably of a fixed or semifixed nature which will not make a permanent dental cripple of the patient.

There are but two exceptions in the attempt to retain all the teeth. These are those in which the lamina dura is destroyed completely around the apex of the root and pulpless teeth with periapical involvement.

Looseness of the teeth or the severity of the destruction of the soft and hard tissues around them should be no deterrent. If the teeth are too loose to function postoperatively, they may be immobilized by means of orthodontia ligatures or splints until they tighten sufficiently to function independently.

Dr. Arthur H. Merritt, in the new edition of his book *Periodontal Diseases*, writes, "It is true periodontoclasia can reach an incurable stage, but that occurs only after long years of neglect. No case ever reaches that point that could not at some time in its progress have been easily and quickly cured."¹

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EDITORIAL

HELP A COLLEAGUE IN THE SERVICE

When the war ends several thousand dentists will return to civilian life, many of them recent graduates with no experience in private practice. The problems of readjustment will be great and one of the most acute will be that of practice building.

The dentist in military service has no lack of patients, he has had no competition. His working hours have been filled with productive efforts and when he returns to private practice he will desire to have his usefulness continue. His income then will be determined to a large degree by his productivity. Will he become too impatient if patients are lacking?

The dentist who left a thriving practice will have a nucleus of old patients with whom to commence, but many patients will have strayed and will have to be replaced. The members of the several college classes that graduated into the Dental Corps during the war period will start from nothing. How will this sudden demand for patients be met?

The need for dental service is known to be tremendous but the demand has been lacking. Various means for stimulating that demand are being utilized so that the public health may be improved and the practice of dentistry on a pre-war basis continued. About two years ago the Chicago Dental Society was instrumental in establishing the Dental Hygiene Institute whose primary purpose is to quicken the desire for dental treatment. The beneficial effects of the educational activities of the Institute already are noticeable, even though promotional endeavors of this nature are slow to develop and difficult to measure.

The more adequately the Institute is financed the more effective will be its work in bringing new patients to the dental chair, patients who will be sorely needed when the war is over. The ethical dentists remaining in civilian practice in the Chicago area should support the Institute if for no other reason than the satisfaction of knowing that they are subscribing to an enterprise that will help provide patients for their colleagues returning from war. The membership campaign has been continued until the first of the year.

CHRISTMAS SEAL SALE INCREASING

The amount collected for the Dental Relief Fund by the annual sale of Christmas seals has doubled during the last eight years. The 1942 sale netted over \$4,000.00 more than the amount collected the previous year. Dentists are becoming aware of the good that a few dollars contributed to the Relief Fund at Christmas time can do. During the past year the Fund assisted the wife and five children of a member who practiced in a territory now held by the Japanese and who is presumably a prisoner of war. The family had been returned to this country before the invasion. 1943 has been a prosperous year for many of those who are left on the home front and should be reflected in their contributions to the Relief Fund. Let's keep this worthy activity on the upward march.—*Robert G. Kesel.*

NEWS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

DR. BRAY HONORED

A dinner was tendered Dr. Willis J. Bray by many of his friends at the Top of the Town Restaurant on November 30.

The occasion was to honor Dr. Bray for his years of constructive service to organized dentistry climaxed by his term as president of the Chicago Dental Society recently concluded. Following an hour of informality and a delicious dinner of steak and venison several toasts were made in behalf of the honored guest. Dr. Robert I. Humphrey served as toastmaster and introduced Dr. Stanley Tylman, who toasted Dr. Bray as a man. Dr. Harold W. Oppice spoke on Dr. Bray as a member of organized dentistry and Dr. W. C. Phillips on "Willis Bray, the Huntsman." Dr. Bray responded with appropriate remarks. Later in the evening Vincent Gottschalk, who has been entertaining American troops in Africa and Alaska, performed several clever acts of prestidigitation.

The committee in charge of the dinner consisted of: Drs. Robert I. Humphrey, Glenn E. Cartwright, Werner J. Gresens, Harry A. Hartley, Luther W. Hughes, R. A. Larsen, R. B. Mundell, Harold W. Oppice, W. C. Phillips, Joseph F. Porto, Robert V. Riemer, F. S. Tittle and Lt. Comdr. Dewey Jackson.

DR. WELCH NEW STATE BOARD MEMBER

Dr. Harold W. Welch, a member and former president of the Chicago Dental Society, has been appointed to the Illinois State Board of Dental Examiners according to an announcement from Director Frank G. Thompson of the Department of Registration and Education. Dr. Welch, who is a graduate of the Dental Department of the University of Louisville, class of 1918, will replace Dr. W. Ira Williams, who recently resigned.

DR. F. B. NOYES ADDRESSES INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE

Dr. Frederick B. Noyes delivered the presidential address at the 28th annual meeting of the Institute of Medicine of Chicago, held at the Palmer House, December 7. Dr. Noyes has served as president of this organization during the past year. The subject of his address was "Personal Recollections of a Leader, Greene Vardiman Black: His Development and Influence."

NEW REGENT FOR LOYOLA DENTAL SCHOOL

The Chicago College of Dental Surgery, Dental Division of Loyola University, has a new regent in the person of the Rev. James T. Hussey, S.J. The Very Rev. Joseph M. Egan, S.J., President of the University, has made this announcement. Father Hussey is dean of men at Loyola and will continue in that capacity. He received his graduate degrees at Boston College.

CHICAGO DENTAL SOCIETY DENTISTS GRADUATED FROM CARLISLE BARRACKS

Six members of the Chicago Dental Society were graduated recently from the Medical Field Service School at Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania. The training given these men qualifies them for field duty. Their names and rank follow: Capt. Edward F. Stecker, 1st Lts. Sigmund A. Perlowski, Robert J. Ohlemoth, L. J. Madonia, Sigismund F. Galaskiewicz and Leslie M. Butler.

WPB RELAXES X-RAY EQUIPMENT REGULATIONS

Controls over the manufacture and disposition of medical and dental x-ray equipment for civilian use have been

NEWS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

placed on a new quota basis. Annual shipments may now be made by each manufacturer limited to seventy-five per cent per dollar value of the average annual shipments made during 1937, 1938 and 1939. This information has been released by the War Production Board and is a complete revision of a former order. It is designed to provide adequate equipment for civilian use without the paper work formerly required by special authorization for civilian purchase orders. Monthly reports of shipments by dollar value will be required and are to be made by letter to the War Production Board. The order does not include parts, accessories, appliances or rebuilt and second hand equipment.

INSTITUTE FILM SHOWINGS

During the month of November the Dental Hygiene Institute presented its educational films before the following lay organizations: Field Stevenson Parent-Teacher Association at Forest Park; Salvation Army Nursery Mothers Club; Mothers Auxiliary of Irving Park Y.M.C.A.; Reformation Lutheran Church Guild; Ukrainian Women's Aid Society; Henderson Parent-Teacher Association; Wagner Community Club at Glen Ellyn; Delano Parent-Teacher Association; Darwin Parent-Teacher Association; D. S. Wentworth Parent-Teacher Association; St. Sabina Altar and Rosary Society; Girl Scouts at Hyde Park Baptist Church; Francis Scott Key Parent-Teacher Association; Illinois Woman's Press Association; Roosevelt Parent-Teacher Association at Bellwood; St. Anastasia Sanctuary Society at Waukegan; Young Married Ladies Sodality of St. Stanislaus Church; North Suburban Clinic Day Luncheon; North School Parent-Teacher Association at North Chicago; Engineering Division of Greater Chicago Safety Council; Gra-

ham Parent-Teacher Association; St. Athanasius Parent-Teacher Association at Evanston; Dewey Parent-Teacher Association; Park Ridge Parent-Teacher Association; Northwest Woman's Club; Gage Park Branch of the Woman's City Club. Total attendance for the month was 2,624.

CHICAGO VETERANS' HEALTH CENTER CONTEMPLATED

A health center in Chicago to provide medical care and supervision for service men being invalided home from the world battle fronts will be sought by the newly appointed Medical Center Planning Commission.

It is planned to secure funds for the immediate construction of such a hospital. It is estimated that a building four blocks square will probably be necessary to enable a veterans' health center to meet the demands that will be placed upon it during and after the war. The Planning Commission will seek the services of an architect immediately to design the proposed hospital. The Commission was voted \$40,000 by the last legislature for its work during the next two years. It has jurisdiction over the planning and development of the Chicago medical center district in the area bounded by Roosevelt road, Ashland avenue, Congress street and Oakley boulevard.

DR. BOHUSLAV SIML 1887-1943

Dr. Bohuslav Siml died in his home at 1912 Kenilworth Avenue, Berwyn, on November 26.

Dr. Siml was a graduate of the Chicago College of Dental Surgery and in recent years had been associated with his son, Dr. Arthur B. Siml. His widow, Anna; another son, Lt. Bohuslav Jr., and a daughter, Helen, survive. Interment was in Woodlawn Cemetery, Berwyn.

NEWS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

DR. LUEBKE COMMENDED

The Chicago Dental Society had ninety-four delinquent members on October 14, 1943. The list was given to Dr. Edward Luebke, the Chicago representative on the Membership Committee of the Illinois State Dental Society and he has reported as follows on these ninety-four individuals:

- 41—Promised to pay dues
- 28—Are in military service
- 6—Will think it over
- 7—Are out of the state
- 6—Could not be contacted
- 2—Said "not interested"
- 1—Has given up dentistry
- 1—Has transferred membership
- 1—Getting relief from the Chicago Dental Society
- 1—To pay \$4.00 reinstatement fee next year

This information is supplied by Dr. James E. Mahoney, Chairman of the State Society's Membership Committee, who highly commends Dr. Luebke for his conscientious and persistent activity in reducing the delinquent membership. The Board of Directors of the Chicago Dental Society also has recognized Dr. Luebke for his efficient effort.

INDUSTRIAL DIAGNOSTIC SERVICE PROGRESSING

The activities of the Dental Hygiene Institute in establishing an Industrial

Diagnostic Service in the Chicago area is under way. Mrs. Seidman, who has been employed by the Institute to develop this service, has been calling on industrial plants spreading the gospel of dental health as an essential need to war-time efficiency. She has found the managements much interested in the problem, particularly in relation to the prevention of employee absenteeism. Occasionally it has been difficult for her to get past the armed guards at war plants and past the switchboard operator at others. An introduction from one of the officials of the company would help. Many dentists have among their patients executives of industrial organizations which are likely prospects for this service. These dentists are urged to supply Mrs. Seidman with this information and perhaps arrange an appointment for her with the proper plant official.

CHANGE IN HYGIENE INSTITUTE STAFF

Mrs. Dorothy O'Connor, who has served as field representative for the Dental Hygiene Institute of Chicago for more than a year, resigned her position in November. She has been succeeded by Mrs. Georgia Veeck. Mrs. Veeck has had seven years' experience in lecture demonstrations before clubs and schools groups and is reported to have the type of personality that will make friends for the Institute.

ARMY DENTAL CORPS CLOSES; NAVY REMAINS OPEN

As we go to press, word has been received by the State Chairmen of the Procurement and Assignment Service from the Directing Board that the procurement of dentists from civilian practice has ceased. All cases actually in process for commissions will be completed. This does not mean that all recruitment has stopped, because the Navy needs many more dentists from civilian practice. The order therefore directs the Procurement and Assignment Service to continue to provide available dentists and refer all names to the Officer Procurement Division, but no Army commissions will be granted for the present.

Have you reserved your hotel room yet
for the
1944 MIDWINTER MEETING
of the
CHICAGO DENTAL SOCIETY
February 21-23, 1944 — Palmer House
???

There is a great demand for rooms in Chicago and many hotels have already accepted capacity reservations through the middle of January. Be sure that a room will be ready for you when you arrive to attend our Meeting. Make your reservation with the hotel of your choice—**NOW!**

Here are a few suggestions:*

	<u>Minimum Rate</u>	
	<u>Single With Bath</u>	<u>Double With Bath</u>
Palmer House, 15 E. Monroe St.	\$3.85	\$5.50
Atlantic, 316 S. Clark St.	2.25	3.30
Bismarck, 171 W. Randolph St.	3.75	5.25
Blackstone, Michigan Ave. at Balbo Ave.	4.00	7.00
Brevoort, 120 W. Madison St.	2.50	3.50
Chicagoan, 67 W. Madison St.	2.75	4.40
Drake, Michigan Ave. and Walton Pl.	4.00	7.00
Edgewater Beach, 5349 Sheridan Rd.	4.40	6.60
Harrison, 57 E. Harrison St.	2.00	3.00
Knickerbocker, 163 E. Walton Pl.	3.50	5.00
La Salle, Madison and La Salle Sts.	2.75	4.40
Medinah Club, 505 N. Michigan Ave.	3.50	5.00
Morrison, 79 W. Madison St.	2.75	4.40
Sherman, 106 W. Randolph St.	2.75	4.40
Shoreland, 5454 South Shore Drive.	5.00	6.00
Stevens, Michigan Ave. and Balbo Drive.	3.50	5.00

When writing hotels for reservations be sure to mention that you are going to attend the Midwinter Meeting of the Chicago Dental Society; also state date and time of arrival and departure.

*Chicago Convention Bureau Hotels.

History and Status of the Mail Order Denture Law

Reported by Committee on Legislation

The Committee on Legislation of the American Dental Association has been asked why advertisements for the mail order sale of dentures continue to appear in magazines and why the mail order dental laboratories can continue to do business.

In order to explain fully the situation as it now exists and in order to give the dental profession a better understanding of this law we wish to give the following history concerning it:

The Traynor Law was introduced in the House of Representatives on September 17, 1941, by Congressman Philip A. Traynor from Delaware, who is a dentist and a member of the American Dental Association. The bill as introduced prohibited all interstate commerce in mail order dentures made in violation of the law of the state of the customer and it also prohibited the advertising or solicitation of orders for such dentures.

CLAUSE DELETED

It was referred to the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. A subcommittee of that committee held public hearings on the bill on February 3 and 4, 1942. The subcommittee approved the bill and the full House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce reported the bill favorably on March 11, 1942, and it was passed by the House without amendment on March 16, 1942. The following day it was sent to the Senate and referred to the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce. The Senate Committee appointed a subcommittee which held public hearings concerning the bill on July 15, 16, 17 and 20, 1942. The subcommittee filed a report recommending an amendment by striking out the clause prohibiting advertising. Senator Wheeler as Chairman of the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce

submitted to the Senate Report No. 1799, dated December 3, 1942, which adopted the subcommittee's report recommending this amendment. Report No. 1799 also contains a letter to Senator Wheeler dated April 20, 1942, from Paul V. McNutt—who was then Administrator of the Federal Security Agency—the last paragraph of which is as follows:

"Accordingly S. 2371 is recommended for your most favorable consideration. The Bureau of the Budget offers no objection to the submission of this report before the Committee, but suggests that I advise you that the Attorney General has interposed objection to the clause on page two at lines fifteen and sixteen as follows: "or any matter advertising or soliciting orders for any denture so constructed or to be constructed."

The clause prohibiting advertising was objected to by the representatives of the publishers of large newspapers and of magazines of national circulation and it was also objected to by the Attorney General of the United States. Under these circumstances it was impossible for the Committee on Legislation of the American Dental Association to induce the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce to keep the clause prohibiting advertising in the bill. The Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce also amended the bill by adding at the end of the bill the following paragraph: "This law shall take effect six months after date of passage and approval." The bill was then sent direct to the Senate.

PRINTING ERROR

The final time limit for the second session of the 77th Congress was fast drawing to a close and there was a mad rush and scramble to get legislation enacted within the few remaining days.

When the bill was printed by the Government printer for presentation to the Senate the printer got the bill mixed up with a money bill which was also before the Senate at the same time. As printed the bill contained part of the Traynor Bill and part of the money bill and there was much confusion. When the matter was straightened out and the bill finally went to the Senate it did not contain the clause prohibiting advertising which had been stricken out by amendment in the subcommittee and the whole committee. Further, the amendment delaying the effective date for six months after date of passage and approval was inadvertently omitted by the printer when he printed it.

It was apparent at that time to Dr. Sterling V. Mead, Chairman of the Committee on Legislation, that if the bill was to be presented to Congress in its regular place in line, that it would fail of passage because there was not sufficient time left in which to consider it. Therefore, at the request of Dr. Mead, Senator Shipstead arose in the Senate on the 14th day of December and asked for unanimous consent to consider the bill at once. Senator McNary of Oregon refused to grant unanimous consent and it appeared that the bill was doomed. The following day Senator Shipstead again brought the matter up in the Senate and obtained unanimous consent to consider the bill immediately and it was passed by the Senate on the 15th day of December, 1942.

BILL PASSED

The next day it went back to the House for concurrence in the Senate amendment because the Senate had amended the bill by striking out the provision prohibiting advertising. The House agreed to the Senate's amendment and passed the bill as amended on that same day, December 16. December 16 was the last day of the second session of the 77th Congress and if either house of Congress had failed to pass the bill by that time, all work done on it

would have been for naught. Thus, the bill had now been passed both by the Senate and the House without the advertising feature and without the amendment delaying the effective date.

VETO SOUGHT

It was soon noted that the bill as passed failed to contain the amendment adopted by the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce delaying its effective date for six months and two senators requested President Roosevelt to veto the bill for that reason. The President, however, signed the bill on December 24, 1942, and it thereupon became law.

Two weeks later on January 7, 1943, being on the second day of the first session of the 78th Congress, Senator Wheeler introduced a Senate Joint Resolution in the Senate to amend the law to provide that its effective date should be delayed for six months from the date of passage and approval and the joint resolution was referred to the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce. The resolution was reported favorably without amendment by the Committee on January 21 and it passed the Senate without amendment on February 8, 1943. It then went to the House and on February 9 it was referred to the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

The Committee on Legislation, feeling that the American Dental Association ought not to be in the position of taking advantage of a printer's mistake, entered into a gentleman's agreement with all those interested in the law and agreed that no action should be taken toward enforcing the law until June 24, 1943, which would be the expiration of the six month period.

The Committee on Legislation wishes to report that it did everything it possibly could to keep the provision prohibiting advertising in the law; but for reasons entirely beyond its control, as explained above, it was unable to do so.

LAW MISNAMED

The law is frequently referred to as the mail order denture law, but strictly and technically speaking this is a misnomer for the law.

The law has its foundation on a paragraph in section 8 of article 1 of the Constitution of the United States which gives to Congress the power to regulate commerce with foreign nations, among the several states, and with the Indian tribes. This paragraph is the basis for all interstate commerce legislation.

A careful reading of the law will reveal that in effect it prohibits a dental laboratory from using the mails or any instrumentality of interstate commerce for the purpose of sending into any state a denture constructed from an impression not taken by a licensed dentist provided that the law of that state also prohibits the making of a denture from an impression not taken by a licensed dentist, or without the authorization or prescription of a licensed dentist.

Since the Traynor Law is a federal law and can only prevent the shipment of illegal dentures across the state lines, it does not prevent a laboratory in a state from sending such a denture to a customer located in the same state as the laboratory. This can be prevented only by the law of that state.

In order to fully appreciate the effect of the Traynor Law it is necessary to understand that the Traynor Law by itself does not change the law in any state. It simply prohibits outsiders from evading local state laws by using the mails or interstate commerce for that purpose.

It is, therefore, incumbent upon each state to see to it that the dental practice act of their state contains the same provisions as those contained in the Traynor Law.

ENFORCEMENT

After the above mentioned six month period expired the Legislative Commit-

tee again became active concerning the Traynor Law.

A criminal information has been filed in the United States District Court in the state of Delaware against a large mail order dental plate company and its officers.

The Post Office Department is systematically covering all of the states with regard to the enforcement of this bill and we have the cooperation of the express companies. They have selected a group of fifteen states to start with and in those fifteen states they have already held up over one thousand dentures which will not now be delivered to their destination. Indictments have already been brought against the owners of these laboratories doing this unlawful type of business in a number of states and the machinery is set for prosecution of them in those states. The various state organizations are being notified as these proceedings are brought and their cooperation is urged.

EVASION

Another mail order dental plate company has developed a scheme whereby it hopes to evade the effect of the Traynor Law. You have already been notified of the scheme whereby one of these companies advertises in each state for a dentist to sign prescriptions for them and pay him at the rate of a dollar for each prescription. They promise him from one to three hundred dollars per month for this practice. Your Committee has learned of at least thirty dentists who are conniving with these people to perpetrate fraud. These men will soon be indicted. Your Committee has notified the various states of the names of these men as they are learned and when indictments are brought your various state organizations will be asked to rescind the licenses of these dentists.

Opinions of the Attorneys General of the various states have been asked with regard to the validity of this law in their

particular state and the possibility of enforcing it. You will be notified just as soon as we hear from your particular state and you will be sent the opinions from other states.

As information is gathered in the various states regarding evasion of this law your state organization will be notified the name and address of the United States District Attorney who will have charge of the prosecution of the case in that district. All available data will be sent to him. In some instances we are having trouble with the United States District Attorneys who do not understand or perceive the danger to the public health that is involved in these mail order dentures and as a result they are reluctant to carry on the prosecution of these cases for the reason that they feel that they have more important cases to try and possibly there may be some other reasons. In these instances we have asked your organization to explain this situation fully to the United States District Attorneys and to convince them of the desirability of bringing about prosecutions of these cases at the earliest possible date.

The Committee on Legislation will keep the profession fully informed as developments take place in the enforcement of this law. Another report will be made very soon giving the opinions of one or more State Attorneys General and also giving specific instructions as to what each individual dentist can do to assist in completely stopping illegal mail order dentures.

THE ACT FOLLOWS

To protect the public health by the prevention of certain practices leading to dental disorders; and to prevent the circumvention of certain state or territorial laws regulating the practice of dentistry.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United

States of America in Congress assembled, that it shall be unlawful, in the course of the conduct of a business of constructing or supplying dentures from casts or impressions sent through the mails or in interstate commerce, to use the mails or any instrumentality of interstate commerce for the purpose of sending or bringing into any state or territory the laws of which prohibit—

(1) the taking of impressions or casts of the human mouth or teeth by a person not licensed under the laws of such state or territory to practice dentistry;

(2) the construction or supply of dentures by a person other than, or without the authorization or prescription of, a person licensed under the laws of such state or territory to practice dentistry; or,

(3) the construction or supply of dentures from impressions or casts made by a person not licensed under the laws of such state or territory to practice dentistry, any denture constructed from any cast or impression made by any person other than, or without the authorization or prescription of, a person licensed under the laws of the state or territory into which such denture is sent or brought to practice dentistry.

Sec. 2. As used in this Act, the term—

(1) "Denture" means a set of artificial teeth, or any prosthetic dental appliance;

(2) "Territory" means any territory or possession of the United States, including the District of Columbia and the Canal Zone.

(3) "Interstate commerce" means (1) commerce between any state or territory and any place outside thereof, and (2) commerce within the District of Columbia or within any other territory not organized with a legislative body.

Sec. 3. Any violation of any provision of this Act shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Approved, December 24, 1942.

THE CALENDAR

December 21st: **Chicago Dental Society:** Regular monthly meeting to be held at the Palmer House, Grand Ball Room, at 8 p.m. Clinics on every subject will be presented by Society members in addition to a number of manufacturers' clinics exhibiting new advances in dental materials. A complete list of the clinicians and their subjects can be found on page 5.

December 17th: **American College of Dentists:** (Illinois Section) will meet at the Chicago Athletic Club. Dinner will be served at 6:30 followed by a business meeting at 8 p.m.

January 4th: **Kenwood-Hyde Park:** Regular monthly meeting to be held at the Del Prado Hotel. Dinner at 6:30; meeting at 8 p.m. Dr. Wayne B. Slaughter and Dr. John F. Svoboda will discuss "Oral Surgery for the General Practitioner."

January 10th: **North Suburban Branch:** Regular monthly meeting to be held at the Orrington Hotel, Evanston.

January 11th: **Englewood Branch:** Regular monthly meeting, Hayes Hotel. Dinner at 6:30 and meeting at 8 p.m. Dr. Lester Boyd will discuss "Partial Dentures and Balanced Occlusion." The Dental Hygiene Institute's sound slide film "The Mortons Make Some Changes" will also be a feature of the evening.

Announcements for this department are solicited but must be received at the Editorial Office not later than the fifth and twentieth of each month.

NEWS OF THE BRANCHES

NORTH SUBURBAN

About a year ago all of the scribes, new and old, were invited as guests to a dinner (a fine one as I recall) by the Chicago Dental Society. (To date, incidentally, this has been the sole gratuity from our bosses.) The chief idea behind this noble gesture (it would be nobler now) was to get together and discuss FORTNIGHTLY reportorial policies. This was done casually, informally, and open-mindedly. As a result, the boys went back to their pens with new vigor and a firm determination to do a better job. During the course of the evening, one of the officers said that column writing was unimportant because no one read the damn thing anyway. This direct rebuff started something—so I decided to find out for myself. After a year of investigation on this problem I have come to the definite conclusion that our informer was right. The column is a nuisance; it takes up valuable space in the publication; it adds to the printing costs in labor and material; it wastes valuable time and effort for the few who are foolish enough to read it and above all, it is a pain in the neck to those simple souls who write it. In view of the above findings, I, herewith, suggest that the column be eliminated and that the scribes be obliterated with it. Oh, Happy Day! Who is with me? . . . The nominating committee of the Evanston Association of Dentists announced their candidate slate at a recent meeting and the following officers were duly elected to guide the destinies of that organization for the ensuing year: C. S. Bigelow, Honorary President; Wilson Fisher, President; Zenas Shafer, Vice President; Sid Freud, Board of Directors; Harry Chronquist, Board of Censors and Fred Barich, Secretary-Treasurer. The latter choice proves again, that column writing doesn't pay . . . Willard McEwen bor-

rowed my gun to hunt deer in Michigan. He didn't take it along; so that mistake probably accounted for his failure to bag the only animal which came under his sights in five days . . . A typical South Dakota blizzard overtook Harry Chronquist while he was pheasant hunting. Fortunately, Harry had two clear days during which time the daily limits were bagged. The three snow-bound days saw him smoking the characteristic black cigars while bending elbows and playing cards . . . Henceforth it will be Lt. Willard McEwen, U.S.N.R. Mac expects to be called to active duty about the first of the year . . . Zenas Shafer and family will occupy their new home as soon as the occupants occupy an apartment whose occupants expect to occupy the unoccupied apartment of the first party, but unfortunately cannot occupy because it is occupied. So there you have it . . . Arne Thorsen has taken the examination for a commission in the Army . . . According to Art Leaf, Ray Thorson is in the hospital (as a patient) at Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri . . . Sea duty with the marines is expected soon by Lt. George Schnath . . . Howard Dunn returned recently from a two weeks' vacation at Des Moines . . . Johnny Heller is at present in Texas looking over a grapefruit farm . . . Louis Smith of Palatine has entered the service for an unknown destination. His rank is unknown . . . Albert Pagel expects to leave for the Army with a first lieutenantcy in his pocket about December 16 . . . 1st Lt. Carl Jochim spent his recent furlough in Park Ridge with his family . . . Bill Denneman received a promotion to Lt. (S.G.) in the Navy . . . Hawsie Law returned recently from an extended vacation in Iowa. Intention unknown . . . A scarcity of pheasants was reported by O. E. Scott. Says Scotty: "While hunting in South Dakota each step on the prairie flushed

only ten birds; whereas, in former years eleven birds flew in your face." . . . Maybe you noticed that Webster Byrne and Karl von der Heydt are still a trifle balmy from that five cylinder foreanaft missile which exploded in this space way last summer . . . From the ice-bound norshores of Lake Michigan this department extends Christmas and New Year Greetings to All Ye Faithful.—*Frederick T. Barich, Branch Correspondent.*

NORTHWEST

I am addressing this column to the boys in service who get THE FORTNIGHTLY REVIEW, and I hear, appreciate its message. I would like you to send me a card or letter giving me news of yourselves and your experiences so that I can relay the information to our readers. Many of you are in far off places out of contact with your home community and can use the Branch column to help keep in touch with your friends, and with Society activities . . . Bob Placek has returned home after a short tour of Arkansas. While there he gave an informal talk before a group of men and visited Toby Weinshenker, who is recuperating and also doing some dentistry in the Hot Springs Army Hospital . . . Ted Sakowski, who spends his time with the Navy at Newport News, tells of the proud moment he experienced recently upon hearing of an addition to his family. He was unable to get home for the event but passed out cigars to Henry Boris and five other fellow Chicagoans stationed at the base . . . Chester Stypinski, who is located at Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri, was surprised too much the other day. While he and several others were being tested under live fire, a bomb exploded much too close for comfort. Fortunately no harm was done . . . The Square Table still meets at the Unity Restaurant every Thursday noon. Joe Ullis, a regular, is understood to have caught the "Flu" bug . . . Glenn Cartwright spent Thanksgiving week end in Fort Wayne, Indiana, with his brother . . . Martin Juel journeyed home

to Canton, South Dakota, for the same purpose . . . Ben Davidson is still on the bridge trail, however, not the kind you wear. His last trip was to Danville . . . Ben Svoboda, who offices in California part time, is planning on coming here for Christmas . . . The 4F's, the 2 D.O.'s and all the other members of the Branch wish you boys in service a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year, and hope to have you back home soon.—*Folmer Nymark, Branch Correspondent.*

WEST SIDE

The West Side Branch extends Season's Greetings and Best Wishes to all its members in the service . . . In a letter to George Vogt, S. D. Goldfield states he is now a captain, and has been transferred to an overseas hospital unit, training at Camp Croft, South Carolina. He also expressed his appreciation of hearing news via THE REVIEW . . . Edwin C. Brundage left December 8 for Dallas, Texas, to join the 8th Army Corps . . . Art Tessler writes that he is located in a much hotter place than Guadalcanal . . . Nathan Addis has been inducted into the Service and is awaiting orders . . . L. M. Gotteiner is stationed at Gunter Field, Montgomery, Alabama . . . Eli Olech recently spoke before the La Salle County Dental Society at Ottawa, Illinois, on "Diagnosis and Treatment of Cysts of the Jaw" . . . Maurice C. Berman attended the Fall Meeting of the New York Society of Orthodontists held at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel. He experienced great difficulty in finding accommodations . . . J. F. Porto was installed as president of the Minute Men Speakers Forum at their last meeting . . . Harold E. Gillogly and family visited their folks in Savannah, Illinois, during the Thanksgiving Holiday . . . Al Sells and his wife relaxed at Starved Rock Lodge over Thanksgiving. Your reporter tagged along and highly recommends the Park to fellow members . . . The officers and members of the West Side Branch extend their sympathy to the family of Bohuslav

Siml, who passed away on November 26. — *Samuel Kretshmer, Assistant Branch Correspondent.*

WEST SUBURBAN

After vacationing for a week at Turkey Run, I returned to a newsless town. I guess that no one else in this area is silly enough to take a vacation in December, but we couldn't have had better weather in May. It was so successful that I will try it again next year—and end up in a blizzard or get snowbound . . . Fred Hawkins has us all beat with his four day week. He spends four days as a dentist and is fire chief of Michiana Shores on the remaining three. What we would like to know is—what would Michiana Shores do if a fire broke out on the days that Freddie is a dentist? . . . Speaking of town officials, Dick Jentzsch is full time mayor of Wooddale, at least he is *the* mayor out there . . . Paul Topel was back in town visiting his family. He is stationed at Will Rogers Field near Oklahoma City . . . George Welk has written a swell letter to the fellows "back home." He still has not seen an aeroplane after all these months in the air corps . . . I promise to stay home for a while now, and will try to dig up some more gossip for next time.—*Karl von der Heydt, Branch Correspondent.*

ENGLEWOOD

Christmas time is here again, and with it Englewood's Old Timers' Night. A large group was in attendance at the annual event and unanimously reported a wonderful evening. The punch bowl was exceptionally well patronized. Howard Alexander did himself proud recalling the old days of 1923. The speaker was received with acclaim. Our thanks go to Reuben Anderson and Charley Coffey for making this meeting such an outstanding success; few realize how much effort it requires to manage an affair of this kind . . . Most of the current news concerns our nimrods:

C. H. Banks and W. J. Rennie spent some time duck hunting; Ben Jostes went to Cairo, Illinois, in quest of geese, while Ben Partridge and John Lace traveled all the way to South Dakota in pursuit of pheasants . . . J. S. Stokoe left for Army service and will be stationed at O'Reilly General Hospital, Springfield, Missouri . . . Joe Jun has been transferred from Camp Ellis to Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania . . . Lt. R. L. Straub is home on a ten day furlough . . . Irvin Oaf tells me that he has secured Lester Boyd for the January meeting. Dr. Boyd will speak on "Partial Dentures and Balanced Occlusion." Let's have a good turnout . . . Webster Byrne wants Malcolm Brooks to know that his name is spelled Byrne and not Bryne as it appeared in the December 1 issue of THE REVIEW.—*George D. Bone, Assistant Branch Correspondent.*

KENWOOD-HYDE PARK

The December meeting at the Del Prado was a huge success thanks to Dr. Fred Gethro and committee. More meetings such as this one and we will have all the members present. News Flashes: Elmer A. Goldthorp, Station Hospital, Camp Howze, Texas, has been promoted to the rank of captain . . . Les Butler, who is home on furlough, expects to go overseas soon . . . Jim Lynch will report for duty at Charleston, South Carolina, on December 16 . . . Chet Blakeley, recently returned from Hot Springs, Arkansas, reports a poor hunting season . . . Les Boyd is moving to 71st street . . . Old Bill Gilruth is recovering from an attack of "flu"!—*Grover O. Schubert, Assistant Branch Correspondent.*

NORTH SIDE

The North Side meeting was unique in more ways than one. The Program Committee provided special music for the dinner hour which made it merry and gay. The presence of more than a

dozen bluejackets lent color to the occasion. Capt. Molt's very interesting talk impressed the audience with the service being rendered by the Dental Corps, not only at Great Lakes but throughout the Army and Navy. President Weber reported 121 North Siders in the Dental Corps . . . Harold Welch has been appointed to the Illinois State Board of Dental Examiners. Good for him! . . . Jerry Couch has two sons in service. William, in the Medical Corps, stationed at Scott Field, Illinois, was married December 4. John, the other son, is in the Air Corps at Vernon, Texas . . . William Burkhardt and August Swierczek made a couple of trips down the Illinois River to shoot duck. They report the wily birds seem to prefer the cornfields where they can fill their craws with grain, rather than haunt the "blinds" and be peppered with duck-shot . . . The Bowling Club is rolling them out every Wednesday and having a lot of fun. Finding the groove and staying there for a score of 200 or better made several of the players happy . . . Dr. J. M. O'Donoghue is opening an office at 4803 Lincoln Avenue, but will maintain his downtown office two

days each week . . . Lee Simons, after a month on a ranch in Arizona, is back at the chair . . . Oliver Hatcher is working hard getting everything in trim as he expects to spend the holidays in Tennessee . . . George White has gone to Marion, Illinois, for a little rest and quail shooting . . . E. I. Long plans to go to Florida December 15, and remain there through the winter . . . News of the boys in service: Bill Stoppel has been promoted to the rank of Major. He is in Clinic No. 1, Camp Robinson, Arkansas, and hopes to get to Chicago for the Midwinter Meeting . . . Harry Glass took unto himself a wife before entering Army service. He is now stationed at San Carlos, Texas . . . First Lieutenant Larry Etu, Camp Leonard Wood, Missouri, plans to be at home for the Christmas holidays . . . Major Bill Redlich, at home on leave from Elkins, West Virginia, attended the North Side meeting and was greeted by his many friends . . . To one and all, especially the boys in service, scattered to the far corners of the earth, we wish a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.—
Z. D. Ford, Branch Correspondent.

Classified Advertising

Rates: \$2.50 for 30 words with additional words at 3 cents each. Minimum charge is \$2.50. Charge for use of key numbers is 25 cents additional. Forms close on the 8th and 23rd of each month. Please ad by mail or telephone to

CHICAGO DENTAL SOCIETY
30 NORTH MICHIGAN AVENUE
STate 7925

Advertisements must be paid for in advance.

FOR SALE

For Sale: Fully equipped modern dental office and practice in one of Illinois' finest cities. Reason death. Very reasonable. Write: Mrs. D. W. Poff, 1539 Henry Place, Waukegan, Illinois.

For Sale: Ritter motor driven dental chair and Ritter x-ray machine. Both in very good condition. Call Aberdeen 6900.

For Sale: DC motor lathe in excellent condition—Rev. 1700. Price \$15.00. Call Central 8660.

For Sale: Ritter engine bracket, Heidbrink gas machine, S. S. White cuspidor with Allen table attachment. Call Dr. Witt, 3959 W. Ogden Ave., Room 204, Lawndale 1101.

For Sale: Bosworth wall cluster, American cabinet, Ritter wall bracket engine, chair cuspidor, Ohio anaelgesor, wall bracket tray, x-ray. Write or call Dr. J. J. Cravens, 1900 Indianapolis Blvd., Whiting, Indiana, Whiting 302.

For Sale: Completely equipped dental office and lucrative practice on Northwest side. Must be sold at once. Retiring because of ill health. Address L-3, The Fortnightly Review of the Chicago Dental Society.

For Sale: One Tri-dent unit complete with engine and duofold light, cream ivory finish; 1 Ritter chair, 1 Castle sterilizer, 1 American cabinet, cream ivory finish. Call Pullman 9426.

FOR RENT

For Rent: Fully equipped operating room, north light, with modern reception room and service. Available Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Call Dearborn 0179.

(Continued on page 26)

DIRECTORY CHICAGO DENTAL SOCIETY

Central Offices: 30 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago 2, Ill., Telephone State 7925

Kindly address all communications concerning business of the Society to the Central Offices.

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Forms close on the fifth and twentieth of each month. The early submission of material will insure more consideration for publication.

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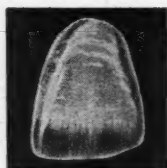
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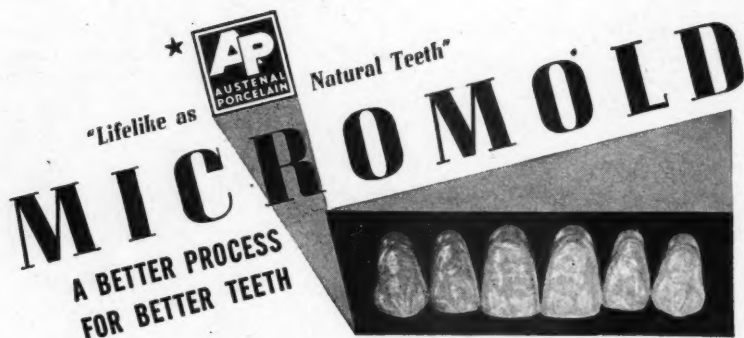
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